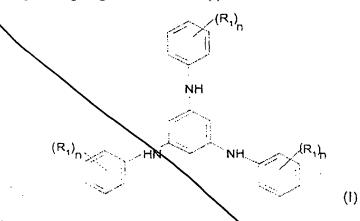
## **CLAIMS**

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Composition intended to prevent the radical polymerization of ethylenically unsaturated monomers, characterized in that it comprises at least one bezenetriamine derivative corresponding to general formula (I):



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in said formula (I):

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-the identical or different R<sub>1</sub> radicals, represent a hydrogen atom or an electrodoner group,

-the n's, identical or different, represent a number equal to 0,1 to 5.

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where in that the benzenetriamine Composition according to claim 1, derivative corresponds to formula (I) in which n is a number less than or equal to 4,

preferably equal to 1 or 2.

Composition according to claim 1. n that the benzenetriamine derivative corresponds to formula (I) in which R<sub>1</sub> represents:

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.a linear or branched alkyl radical, having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, preferably 1-to-4 carbon atoms such as methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, secbutyl, tert-butyl,

K .a linear or branched alkenyl radical, having 2 to 6 carbon atoms, preferably 2 to 4 carbon atoms such as vinyl, allyl,

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.a linear or branched alkoxy or thioether radical, having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, preferably 1 to 4 carbon atoms such as methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, butoxy radicals, an alkenyloxy radical, preferably an allyloxy radical or a

phenoxy-radical,

.a radical of formula:

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-R<sub>2</sub>-OH

-R<sub>2</sub>-SH

 $-R_2-N-(R_3)_2$ 

in which formulae R<sub>2</sub> represents a valency bond or a linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated divalent hydrocarbon radical having 1 to 6 carbon atoms such as, for example, methylene, ethylene, propylene, isopropylene, the identical or different R<sub>3</sub> radicals, represent a hydrogen atom or a linear or branched alkyl radical having 1 to 6 carbon atoms.

4. Composition according to claim 1, characterized in that the benzenetriamine derivative corresponds to formula (Ia):

NH
NH
R<sub>4</sub> (la)

20 in said formula (Ia):

-the identical or different  $R_4$  radicals, represent a hydroxyl group or a linear or branched alkyl or alkoxy radical having 1 to 4 carbon atoms.

5. Composition according to claim 1, characterized in that the benzenetriamine derivative is N,N',N"-tri(p-methoxyphenyl)-1,3,5-benzenetriamine and N,N',N"-tri(p-methylphenyl)-1,3,5-benzenetriamine.

6. Composition according to one of claims 1 to 5, characterized in that it comprises one or more solvents selected from benzene, toluene, xylene, ethyl benzene, styrene, acetophenone and methylphenylcarbinol as a vehicle.

7. Composition according to one of claims 1 to 6, characterized in that, (in the case of an ethylenically unsaturated aromatic monomer) it comprises at least one nitroaromatic derivative.

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- 8. Composition according to claim 7, characterized in that the nitroaromatic derivative is selected from 2,6-dinitro-4-methylphenol, 2,4-dinitro-6-methylphenol, 2,4-dinitro-6-sec-butylphenol and 2,4-nitro-4-methylphenol, the nitroaromatic derivative being preferably 2,4-dinitro-6-sec-butylphenol.

  9. Composition according to one of claims 7 and 8, characterized in that the ratio of the total mass of benzenetriamine derivative of formula (I) constituents to the total mass of nitroaromatic derivative type constituents is comprised between 90/10 and 10/90, preferably between 80/20 and 20/80.

  10. Composition according to one of claims 1 to 9, characterized in that it further comprises another polymerization inhibitor.
  - Composition according to claim 10, characterized in that the polymerization inhibitor is selected from the alkylated phenols such as tert-butyl-catechol, 2,5-di-tert-octylhydroquinone, 3,5-di-tert-octylcatechol; compounds of nitroxide type such as 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine-N-oxyl, 4-hydroxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine-N-oxyl, 4-amino-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine-N-oxyl; 4-amino-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine-N-oxyl; preferably 2,2,3,4,5,5-hexamethylpimidazolidine-1-oxyl or any other known inhibitor.
  - 12. Composition according to claim 10, characterized in that the polymerization inhibitor is hydroquinone; p-methoxyphenol; phenothiazines, in the case of an ethylenically unsaturated aliphatic monomer.
- 13. Composition according to one of claims 10 to 12, characterized in that the quantity of polymerization inhibitor is such that the ratio of the total mass of the benzenetriamine derivative type of formula (I) constituents to the total mass of the other inhibitors is comprised between 90/10 and 10/90, preferably 80/20 and 20/80.
- Process intended to prevent the radical polymerization of an ethylenically unsaturated monomer including the addition to said monomer of an effective quantity of at least one benzenetriamine derivative corresponding to general formula (I):

$$(R_1)_n$$

$$NH$$

$$(R_1)_n$$

$$HN$$

$$NH$$

$$(R_1)_n$$

$$(I)$$

in said formula (I):

electrapion

- the identical or different R<sub>1</sub> radicals, represent a hydrogen atom or an electro-doner-group,

-the n's, identical or different, represent a number equal to 0, 1 to 5.

15. Process according to claim 14, characterized in that the benzenetriamine derivative corresponds to formula (I) in which n is a number less than or equal to 4,

preferably equal to 1 or 2.

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16. Process according to one of claims 14 and 15, characterized in that the benzenetriamine derivative corresponds to formula (I) in which R<sub>1</sub> represents:

benzenetriamine derivative corresponds to formula (I) in which R<sub>1</sub> repositions.

a linear or branched alkyl radical, having 1 to 6 carbon atoms.

.a linear or branched alkyl radical, having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, preferably 1 to
4 carbon atoms such as methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, seebutyl, tert-butyl,

.a linear or branched alkenyl radical, having 2 to 6 carbon atoms, preferably 2

to 4 carbon atoms such as vinyl allyl.

.a linear or branched alkoxy or thioether radical, having 1 to 6 carbon atoms, preferably 1 to 4 carbon atoms such as methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, butoxy radicals, an alkenyloxy radical, preferably an allyloxy radical or a

—phenoxy-radical,

30 .a radical of formula:

-R<sub>2</sub>-OH

-R<sub>2</sub>-SH

 $-R_2-N-(R_3)_2$ 

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in said formulae R2 represents a valency bond or a linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated divalent hydrocarbon radical having 1 to 6 carbon atoms such as; for example, methylene, ethylene, propylene, isopropylene; the identical or different R<sub>3</sub>radicals represent a hydrogen atom or a linear or branched alkyl radical having 1 to 6 5 carbon atoms.

Wherein ed in that the benzenetriamine a 17. Process according to claim 14, characteristics derivative corresponds to formula (Ia):

in said formula (Ia):

-the identical or different R<sub>4</sub> radicals, represent a hydroxyl group or a linear or branched alkyl or alkoxy radical having 1 to 4 carbon atoms.

ClAIM 14 Process according to one of claims 14 to 17, charact 18. quantity of the benzenetriamine derivative of formula (I) added is comprised between 1 and 2000 ppm, preferably between 5 and 1000 ppm relative to the total weight of said monomer.

25 AM 17 of claims 14 to 18, character - 19. Process according to one of nitroaromatic type derivative is such that the ratio of the mass of benzenetriamine type derivatives of formula (I) to the total mass of nitroaromatic-type constituents is -comprised between 90/10 and 10/90, preferably 80/20 and 20/80.

20. of polymerization inhibitor is such that the ratio of the mass of benzenetriamine-type derivatives of formula (I) to the total mass of the other inhibitors is comprised between 90/10 and 10/90, preferably between 80/20 and 20/80.

21. Process according to one of claims 14 to 20, characterized in that said ethylenically unsaturated monomer is a vinylaromatic monomer, preferably selected from styrene, α-methylstyrene, vinyltoluene, divinylbenzene and styrenesulphonic acids.

22. Process according to one of claims 14 to 20, characterized in that said ethylenically unsaturated aliphatic monomer is selected from olefinic monomers comprising one or two unsaturations; unsaturated halogenated monomers; unsaturated acids; unsaturated esters; unsaturated resins; unsaturated amides; unsaturated nitriles; unsaturated ethers.

- Process according to claim 22, characterized in that said ethylenically unsaturated aliphatic monomer is selected from isoprene and butadiene; vinyl chloride, chloroprene, vinylidene chloride, vinylidene fluoride and vinyl fluoride acrylic acid, methacrylic acid and crotonic acid; unsaturated acrylic acid esters of methyl acrylate, ethyl acrylate, butyl acrylate, 2-ethylhexyl acrylate, 2-hydroxyethyl acrylate, hydroxypropyl acrylate type; unsaturated methacrylic acid esters of methyl methacrylate, butyl methacrylate, lauryl methacrylate, dimethylaminomethyl methacrylate, stearyl methacrylate type; vinyl acetate; acrylated epoxy resins and 20 N,N-dimethylacrylamide, diacrylate; acrylamide, polyethyleneglycol methylenebisacrylamide and N-vinylpyrrolidone; acrylonitrile; vinyl and methyl ether; vinylpyridines; diethyl vinylphosphonate and sodium styrene sulphonate.
- Process according to claim 23, characterized in that said aliphatic monomers are esters of acrylic acid and methacrylic acid.